# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner - Non-Chlorinated

Other means of identification

05088 Product code

Recommended use Brake parts cleaner

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

CRC Industries, Inc. Company name

**Address** 885 Louis Dr.

Warminster, PA 18974 US

Telephone

**General Information** 215-674-4300 **Technical** 800-521-3168

**Assistance** 

800-272-4620 **Customer Service** 24-Hour Emergency 800-424-9300 (US)

(CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (International) Website www.crcindustries.com

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

> Compressed gas Gases under pressure

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 3

> Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Aspiration hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Not classified.

Label elements

**Environmental hazards** 

**OSHA** defined hazards

Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Toxic if

swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys, lungs, brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (eyes) by ingestion. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

# **Precautionary statement**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Do not breathe gas. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Collect spillage.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

# Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

# Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

# Supplemental information

Mixtures

16.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 66.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 62% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as formaldehyde.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methanol		67-56-1	40 - 50
Toluene		108-88-3	10 - 20
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - 15
3-Methylhexane		589-34-4	5 - 10
Carbon dioxide		124-38-9	5 - 10
n-Heptane		142-82-5	5 - 10
Methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	3 - 5
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	3 - 5
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	1 - 3
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions General fire hazards

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Many vapors are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not breathe gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent product from entering drains. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. For product usage instructions, please see the product label.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Components	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	.1000)		
Components	Type	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	
3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
,	TWA	5000 ppm	

Components	Type	Value	
Cyclohexane (CAS	TWA	100 ppm	
110-82-7)		тоо ррш	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)			
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
,		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
,		300 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	260 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	1600 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	3	440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		85 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
- (	-	150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

# **Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** Components Value **Determinant** Specimen **Sampling Time** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 25 mg/l Acetone Urine Ethylbenzene (CAS 0.15 g/g Sum of Creatinine in 100-41-4) mandelic acid urine and phenylglyoxylic acid Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Urine 15 mg/l Methanol Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 0.3 mg/g o-Cresol, with Creatinine in hydrolysis urine 0.03 mg/l Toluene Urine

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** 

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*	

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates controls should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye

wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a Respiratory protection

NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to

determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or

smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid. Aerosol. **Form** Clear. Color Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.9 °F (56.1 °C) estimated

range

0 °F (-17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Fast.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

36 % estimated

Vapor pressure 4438 hPa estimated

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)Relative density 0.84 estimated Solubility (water) Slightly soluble. Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

539.6 °F (282 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature** 

Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity (kinematic) Not available. Percent volatile 92.4 % estimated

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.

When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal

corrosive gases such as formaldehyde.

Incompatible materials Acids. Alkalies. Reducing agents. Strong oxidizing agents. Hypochlorites. Peroxides. Aluminum.

Magnesium. Sodium. Zinc.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause Inhalation

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Toxic if swallowed. Even small amounts (30-250 ml methanol) may be fatal. Symptoms are Ingestion

stomach ache, nausea, vomiting, dullness, visual disorder and blindness. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. **Acute toxicity** 

**Product Species Test Results** 

Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner - Non-Chlorinated

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 6702 mg/kg estimated

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 58 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated

Oral

LD50 Human 110 mg/kg estimated Rat 5943 mg/kg estimated

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Material name: Brakleen® Brake Parts Cleaner - Non-Chlorinated 05088 Version #: 02 Revision date: 01-13-2016 Issue date: 05-13-2015

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not available.

# US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Causes damage to organs (eyes) by ingestion. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Liver. Kidneys. Lungs.

Brain.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting,

may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Toxic to a	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components		Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-8	2-7)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	41-4)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.1 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	12.1 mg/l, 96 hours	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours	
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	18000 - 20000 mg/l, 96 hours	
Methylcyclohexane (CAS	108-87-2)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-	5)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours	

SDS US

05088 Version #: 02 Revision date: 01-13-2016 Issue date: 05-13-2015

**Test Results** Components **Species** LC50 Fish Coho salmon, silver salmon 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus kisutch)

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

-0.24Acetone Cyclohexane 3.44 Ethylbenzene 3.15 Methanol -0.77Methylcyclohexane 3.61 n-Heptane 4.66 Toluene 2.73

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

F005: Waste Non-halogenated Solvent - Spent Non-halogenated Solvent

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# 14. Transport information

#### DOT

UN1950 **UN** number

Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 Class 6.1(PGIII) Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82 Packaging exceptions 306 None Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk

**IATA** 

**UN** number UN1950

**UN proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 6.1(PGIII) Packing group Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards** No. 10P **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

#### **IMDG**

UN number UN1950 UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2

Subsidiary risk 6.1(PGIII)

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards No.

EmS Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

# 15. Regulatory information

# **US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

# US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# **CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity**

 Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 5000 LBS

 Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
 1000 LBS

 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 1000 LBS

 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
 5000 LBS

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 1000 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

# FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

Food and Drug Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 Immediate Hazard - Yes
Hazard categories Delayed Hazard - Yes

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

#### **US** state regulations

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

3-Methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)

n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

# **US.** California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Listed: April 6, 2010

Ethanal (CAS 75-07-0) Listed: April 1, 1988 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

#### Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

**EPA** 

VOC content (40 CFR 84 %

51.100(s))

**Consumer products** Not regulated

(40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)

**State** 

Korea

This product is regulated as a Brake Cleaner. This product is not compliant to be sold for use in **Consumer products** 

California, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode

Island and parts of Utah and Virginia.

84 % VOC content (CA) VOC content (OTC) 84 %

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes

New Zealand New Zealand Inventory **Philippines** Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

(PICCS)

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

05-13-2015 Issue date **Revision date** 01-13-2016 Allison Cho Prepared by

Version # 02

United States & Puerto Rico

**Further information** CRC # 483A **HMIS®** ratings Health: 3\* Flammability: 4

Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: B

**NFPA** ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# **NFPA** ratings



#### Disclaimer

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