# Franklin International

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

**Titebond Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive** 

## 1. Product and company identification

CAS # : mixture
Synonym : None known.

Address : Franklin International

2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207

Contact person : Franklin Technical Services

 Telephone
 : (800) 877-4583

 In case of emergency
 : Franklin Security (614) 445-1300

3195

 Product code
 : 5261

 Date of revision
 : 12/16/2014.

 Print date
 : 12/16/2014.

 Chemtrec (24 Hour)
 : (800) 424 - 9300

 Chemtrec International
 : (703) 527 - 3887

Product use : Construction Adhesive

Product type : Solvent based

## 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview** 

Reference number

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]

Color : Beige.

Odor : Solvent. [Strong]

Signal word : DANGER!

Hazard statements : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOR MAY

CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT,

EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE ADVERSE

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS IN FEMALES.

**Precautionary measures**: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain

special instructions before use. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protective

equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Skin : Irritating to skin.

#### 2. Hazards identification

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Contains material which can impair female fertility.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the

nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, peripheral nervous system, upper

respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea

and may lead to unconsciousness. Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : None known.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **United States**

Name	CAS number	%
n-hexane	110-54-3	10 - 25
acetone	67-64-1	10 - 25
toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10

#### **Canada**

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
n-hexane	110-54-3	10 - 25
acetone	67-64-1	10 - 25
toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10

#### **Mexico**

					Classification			ation
Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	Н	F	R	Special
n-hexane acetone toluene	110-54-3 67-64-1 108-88-3	UN1993 UN1993 UN1993	10 - 25 10 - 25 5 - 10	1100 ppm 2500 ppm 500 ppm	1 2 2	3 3 3	0 0 0	- - -

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water	er
		for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical	

attention immediately.

#### **Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

immediately.

#### Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Extremely flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Extinguishing media** 

**Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet. Not suitable

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Hazardous thermal** 

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Absorb with an inert material.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** 

Store between the following temperatures: -17 to 40°C (1.4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**United States** 

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
n-hexane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 180 mg/m³ 10 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.
acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
toluene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  CEIL: 300 ppm  AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

### **Canada**

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling				
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
n-hexane	US ACGIH 4/2014 AB 4/2009	50 50	- 176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	BC 7/2013 ON 1/2013	20 50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
a catana	QC 1/2014	50	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
acetone	US ACGIH 4/2014 AB 4/2009	500 500	1188 1200	- -	750 750	1782 1800	-	-	-	- -	
	BC 7/2013 ON 1/2013	250 500	- 1188	-  -	500 750	- 1782	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	500	1190	-	1000	2380	-	-	-	-	

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection US ACGIH 4/2014 toluene 20 AB 4/2009 50 188 [1] 20 BC 7/2013 ON 1/2013 20 QC 1/2014 50 188 [1]

#### **Mexico**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient	Exposure limits
n-hexane	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000).
	LMPE-PPT: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	LMPE-PPT: 176 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
acetone	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000).
	LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	LMPE-PPT: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	LMPE-CT: 3000 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	LMPE-CT: 1260 ppm 15 minutes.
toluene	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). Absorbed through skin.
	LMPE-PPT: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	LMPE-PPT: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours.

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### **Hands**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Eyes**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

<sup>[1]</sup>Absorbed through skin.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static

overalls, boots and gloves.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Paste.]

: Closed cup: -18°C (-0.4°F) [Setaflash.] Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 252°C (485.6°F) Flammable limits : Lower: 1.2%

Upper: 12.8%

Color : Beige.

Odor : Solvent. [Strong] **Boiling/condensation point** : 56°C (132.8°F)

Relative density : 1.07365 : 35.17% (w/w) Volatility VOC (less water, less : 286 g/l

exempt solvents)

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Hazardous polymerization** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **United States**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3295 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### **Chronic toxicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion

## 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
	Fire Corres inviterat	Dabbit		Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	microliters 435	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

**Eyes**: Moderately irritating to eyes.

**Respiratory**: High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea

and may lead to unconsciousness.

#### **Sensitizer**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone toluene	A4 A4	- 3	-	- -	-	-

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	-	-	-	Rat	Inhalation	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Reproductive toxicant - female

#### **Canada**

#### **Acute toxicity**

## 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.		1-1-	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3295 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	_
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor		49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### **Chronic toxicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	L			milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	0	D 11.7		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		395	-
. Andrews	Euro Milelianite et	Dalahit		milligrams	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100	
	Even Mild irritant	Dobbit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 2	
	Lyes - Severe iintant	INADDIL		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig		24 hours 250	_
	Okin Wild in Hank	' '9		microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		435	_
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	L	24 hours 20	_
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	L	500	-
				milligrams	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

**Eyes** : Moderately irritating to eyes.

**Respiratory**: High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea

and may lead to unconsciousness.

#### **Sensitizer**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-
toluene	A4	3	-	}	-	-

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity Fertility Development toxin			Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	_	-	-	Rat	Inhalation	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Reproductive toxicant - female

#### **Mexico**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3295 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### **Chronic toxicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	-
	L			milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	395	-
talvana	English NATIAL South and	D-bb#		milligrams	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	0.5 minutes	-
				100	
	Even Mild imitent	Rabbit		milligrams 870	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_		-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		Micrograms 24 hours 2	
	Lyes - Severe imani	Rabbit	Ī	milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig		24 hours 250	
	Okin - Willa II Hant	1 19		microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		435	_
	Ottor Wind Hittant	Tabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Eyes** 

: Moderately irritating to eyes.

Respiratory

: High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Sensitizer**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-
toluene	A4	3	-	-	-	-

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure	
toluene	-	-	-	Rat	Inhalation	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Reproductive toxicant - female

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **United States**

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-hexane	Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.5 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l	Fish - rainbow trout	28 days
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
toluene	Acute EC50 433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 500000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

## 12. Ecological information

### Persistence/degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Canada**

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-hexane	Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.5 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l	Fish - rainbow trout	28 days
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
toluene	Acute EC50 433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 500000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

### Persistence/degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Mexico**

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-hexane	Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.5 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l	Crustaceans	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l	Fish - rainbow trout	28 days
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days

## 12. Ecological information

•			
		Larvae	
toluene	Acute EC50 433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 500000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

#### Persistence/degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid RQ (toluene, n-hexane)	3	III		Reportable quantity 12163.7 lbs / 5522.3 kg [1358.8 gal / 5143. 5 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  Remarks Limited quantity

14. Transport information								
TDG Classification	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	3	III	3	Remarks Limited quantity		
Mexico Classification	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	3	III	3	Remarks Limited quantity		
ADR/RID Class	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	3	III		Special provisions 640 (E)  Tunnel code (D/E)  Remarks Limited quantity		
IMDG Class	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	3	III	3	Remarks Limited quantity		
IATA-DGR Class	1133	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	3	III	3	Remarks Limited quantity		

PG\*: Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

**HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid

Toxic material Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304: No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard,

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

## 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Listed

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	n-hexane	110-54-3	10 - 25
	acetone	67-64-1	10 - 25
	toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10
Supplier notification	n-hexane	110-54-3	10 - 25
	toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: HEXANE; ACETONE; TOLUENE

New York : The following components are listed: Hexane; Acetone; 2-Propanone; Toluene

New Jersey : The following components are listed: n-HEXANE; HEXANE; ACETONE;

2-PROPANONE; TOLUENE; BENZENE, METHYL-

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: HEXANE; 2-PROPANONE; BENZENE, METHYL-

California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	 Maximum acceptable dosage level
toluene	No.	Yes.	7000 µg/day (ingestion)

#### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: n-Hexane; Volatile organic compounds; Toluene

**CEPA Toxic substances**: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### **Mexico**

Classification :



#### **International regulations**

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

## 15. Regulatory information

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

**I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

Not listed

: Not listed

#### 16. Other information

Label requirements : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOR MAY

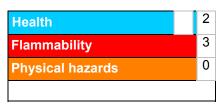
CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF INHALED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT,

EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE ADVERSE

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS IN FEMALES.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Date of previous issue : 6/6/2014.

Version : 2.1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

## 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.